

# **GREENWOOD ACADEMIES TRUST**

## Conflict of Interests Policy for Members, Trustees and Academy Advisory Council Members

Version: 10.0 Approval Status: Pending Approval

Document Owner:	Corporate Affairs Director
Effective from:	16/06/2022

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#### 1. Policy Statement

This Policy sets out the detailed process that needs to be followed by Members, Trustees and Academy Council members to avoid any potential Conflict of Interest. External legislation and internal policies have been considered when drafting this policy, for instance the Trust's Whistle Blowing Procedure and the Avoidance of Gain Policy.

The Trust is committed to undertaking, all of its activities to the highest possible standards of propriety and integrity expected of a public body. The Trust, its staff, Members, Trustees and Academy Council members will act fairly, honestly and with integrity in all aspects of what they do. The Trust's staff, Members, Trustees and Academy Council members must uphold the highest standards of public conduct and, at all times, act in the interests of the Trust.

All Members, Trustees and Academy Council Members are specifically expected to apply the Seven Principles of Public Life established by the Nolan Committee:

- Selflessness
- Integrity
- Objectivity
- Accountability
- Openness
- Honesty
- Leadership

The Trust's Trustees' Business Expense Policy sets out the entitlement to expenses properly incurred during the conduct of business. Other than entitlement to expenses in line with that Policy, Members, Trustees and Academy Council members are expressly not entitled to any form of remuneration or other financial reward or benefit for undertaking their role.

Conflicts of interest (whether real or perceived) cannot always be eliminated but they need to be identified so that they can be avoided or managed appropriately in accordance with this Policy.

#### 2. Application of the Policy

This Policy applies to all GAT Members, Trustees and Academy Council members and sets out the **minimum requirements that must be met**. On any occasions where Members, Trustees or Academy Council members are concerned that a particular circumstance or event, whilst complying with this Policy, may still lead to a potential or actual Conflict of Interest (whether real or perceived), they should consult with the Clerk to the GAT Trust Board to seek further advice.

#### 3. Conflicts of Interest

A Conflict of Interest exists where a Member, Trustee or an Academy Council member's personal interests or loyalties could, or could be perceived to, prevent them making a decision which is in the best interest of the Trust.

A Conflict of Interest will occur when there is a divergence between an individual's private interests or loyalties (or those of any Connected Parties) and the interests of the Trust and its academies such that an independent observer might reasonably question whether the individual's actions or decisions are determined by considerations of personal gain, whether financial or otherwise. This policy should therefore be read in conjunction with the Trust's Avoidance of Gain Policy.

A Conflict of Interest is a set of circumstances that creates a risk that an individual's ability to discharge their duty to act in the best interests of the Trust is compromised because their judgement could be impaired or influenced by a secondary interest.

Conflicts might occur due to the possibility of individuals or Connected Parties having:

- direct or indirect financial interests;
- non-financial or personal interests;
- conflicts of loyalty where decision makers may have competing loyalties between the Trust and the other person or entity.

#### 4. Declaration of Interests

This Policy sets out the requirements which Members, Trustees and Academy Council members must comply with in respect to making appropriate Declarations of Interests where those interests could potentially conflict with the interests of the Trust or its Academies. Members, Trustees and Academy Council members have a duty to make a Declaration of Interest in accordance with this Policy.

All Members, Trustees and Academy Council members are required to make an annual Declaration of Interests. Any changes during the course of the year must be notified in a new Declaration of Interest, within twenty-eight (28) days of the interest being known.

For Members, the annual declaration should be completed at the Trust's Annual General Meeting. For Trustees and Academy Council members, the annual declaration should be made at their first meeting of the academic year.

Annual and updated Declarations should be made on the online Declaration of Interests form, which is available from the Corporate Affairs Director. Other declarations should be made during the course of the day to day business of the Trust, for example during Trust Board meetings and meetings of its sub- committees or as part of a procurement process.

Individual Declaration of Interests will be collated to form a Register of Interests. The Register will be managed by the Corporate Affairs Director with a copy available to the Chief Executive, Deputy Chief Executive, Strategic Directors of Academies, Chief Financial Officer, Operations Director, Chief People and Organisational Development Officer, the Trust's Audit Team and all Academy Finance Managers.

The Register of Interests will be used to identify any potential, actual or perceived Conflicts of Interest in order to enable the Trust to avoid or appropriately manage them. For example, it will be used to ensure that the Trust's procurement and trading activity is fair to all parties involved and to help the Trust ensure that the highest standards of propriety and conduct are met, especially in respect of Connected Party transactions.

Members, Trustees and Advisory Council members should have a standard agenda item at the beginning of each meeting to declare any actual or potential Conflict of Interests relating to an item to be discussed on the agenda, before the item is discussed.

If a Member, Trustee or Academy Council member is uncertain if he/she is conflicted then he/she should declare the issue and discuss it with the other Members, Trustees or Academy Council members. If a Member, Trustee or Academy Council member is aware of an undeclared Conflict of Interest affecting another Member, Trustee or Academy Council member or a Connected Party he/she should declare this to the other Members, Trustees or Academy Council members.

Where there is a declared Conflict of Interest the relevant Member, Trustee or Academy Council Member should withdraw from the meeting, discussion, decision making or voting that takes place concerning that Conflict of Interest or a Connected Party's interest(s).

#### 5. Pecuniary and Non-Pecuniary Interests

There are a variety of potential interests that Members, Trustees and Academy Council members may have that could potentially conflict with their duty to always act in the best interests of the Trust and its Academies. Those listed below must be declared by Members, Trustees and Academy Council members if they have such an interest or if any Connected Party has such an interest. However, there may be other potential interests or conflicts that exist not listed below which should also be declared.

#### 5.1 Pecuniary Interest

Pecuniary (monetary/financial/business) interests include, but are not restricted to:

- a financial interest in a company or organisation if he/she or any nominee of his/hers is the beneficial owner of more than 1% of the issued capital (e.g. shares, bonds etc.);
- directorships, partnerships and employments with businesses irrespective of whether or not they trade with the Trust, its Academies or subsidiary companies.

#### 5.2 Non-Pecuniary Interests

Non-pecuniary (non-monetary/financial) interests include, but are not restricted to:

- Members, Trustees and Advisory Council members being the partner or relative of other members of staff or Trustees, Trust Members or Academy Advisory Council members;
- pursuit of a business interest/opportunity which is in potential conflict with the best interests of the Trust;
- where any Trustee, Trust Member or Academy Advisory Council member's partner or relative would have a pecuniary interest, as set out in 5.1 above, if they were a member of staff;
- pursuit of a business interest/opportunity which is in potential conflict with the best interests of the Trust;
- a professional or legal responsibility to someone else or some other body which is in potential conflict with the best interests of the Trust or its Academies;
- having a beneficial interest in a trust which is in potential conflict with the best interests of the Trust;
- having received/or about to receive a gift, hospitality or other benefit from an
  organisation that has or is likely to do business with the Trust;
- membership of a society or other organisation, including Trusteeships and Governorships at other educational institutions or charities (irrespective of whether there is a trading relationship with the Trust, its Academies or subsidiary companies);
- holding another public office;
- close personal relationships with people or organisations that may, or do, undertake business with the Trust or its academies.
- a potential benefit in the future, such as the offer of employment or other benefits, from an organisation that undertakes or could undertake work on behalf of the Trust or its Academies or subsidiary companies.

All pecuniary and business interests of Members and Trustees will be published on the Trust's website as required by the ESFA.

#### 6. Connected Parties

For the purposes of this policy, a Connected Party is defined as any individual or organisation **connected to a** Member, Trustee or Academy Advisory Council member. For these purposes the following persons are **connected to** a: Member, Trustee or Academy Council member:

- a relative of the Member, Trustee or Academy Council member. A relative is defined as a close member of the family, or member of the same household, who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, the person. This includes, but may not be limited to, a child, step-child, parent, step-parent, spouse or civil partner;
- an individual or organisation carrying on business in partnership with the Member, Trustee or Academy Council member or a relative of the Member, Trustee or Academy Council member;
- a company in which a member or the relative of a Member, Trustee or Academy Council member (taken separately or together) holds more than 20% of the share capital or is entitled to exercise more than 20% of the voting power at any general meeting of that company;
- an organisation which is controlled by a Member, Trustee or Academy Council member (acting separately or together). For these purposes an organisation is controlled by an individual or organisation if that individual or organisation is able to secure that the affairs of the body are conducted in accordance with the individual's or organisation's wishes;
- any individual or organisation that is given the right under the Trust's articles of association to appoint a Member, Trustee or Academy Council member; or anybody related to such an individual or organisation;
- any individual or organisation recognised by the Secretary of State as a sponsor of the academy Trust; or anybody related to such individual or organisation.

A body is **related to** another individual or organisation if it

- is **controlled by** the individual or organisation
- controls the organisation; or
- is under common control with the individual or organisation

For these purposes, **control** means:

- holding more than 20% of the share capital (or equivalent interest);
- having the equivalent right to control management decisions with regard to the body; or
- having the right to appoint or remove a majority of the board or governing body.

In the case of Connected Parties, the interests of a Connected Party are deemed also to be the interest of the Member, Trustee or Academy Council member. Declarations of Interest must include those of the Connected Party where the interest may cause the Member, Trustee or Academy Council member to have a conflict of interest.

#### 7. Personal Relationships and Family Members

Members, Trustees and Academy Council members should declare if they are related to or have a partner who is a member of staff or another Member, Trustee or Academy Council member.

Members, Trustees or Academy Council members who have declared a partner or family member who is a member of staff must not be involved in the recruitment, selection, appraisal,

promotion or other processes involving the member of staff or where conflict of interest may exist.

Applicants for jobs within the Trust and its Academies will be asked to declare whether they are related to, or are closely acquainted with, any members of the Trust Board, Academy Councils or senior managers within the Trust or its Academies.

#### 8. How Information will be Processed

All information supplied by Members, Trustees and Academy Council members will be held centrally and the details collated and recorded on a Register of Interests. This will remain confidential subject to the provisions of the Data Protection Act, the Freedom of Information Act and the requirements of the ESFA.

The Trust will publish on its website(s) details of relevant business and pecuniary interests of Trustees and Members. The Trust has discretion over the publication of the interests of other individuals including parent, spouse, civil partner, cohabitee and child in accordance with ESFA requirements.

As a public authority, the Trust may be subject to requests made under the Freedom of Information Act 2000 either to provide this Policy or for information from the Register of Interests. Wherever possible, the Trust will answer any such requests without revealing the names of any individual who has made a declaration unless this information is part of the extract of the Register of Interests published on the Trust's website(s). If personal details of those who have made declarations are requested that are not already in the public domain, the Trust will, where appropriate, consult with those individuals before disclosing any additional personal information that may be in the public interest to disclose in accordance with this Act.

All Members, Trustees, Academy Council Members and staff are assured that any Declaration of Interest will be processed in compliance with the data protection principles as set out in the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) (EU) 2016/679. The data will be processed to identify any potential, actual or perceived Conflicts of Interest in order to enable the Trust to avoid or appropriately manage them and to help protect the Trust's interests and also to protect the individuals concerned against allegations of acting in their own interests, rather than those of the Trust. In general terms, if in any doubt, all Members, Trustees, Academy Council members are advised to declare an interest or potential interest for their protection.

The data declared will primarily be used for the purposes outlined above and to ensure that the Trust's procurement and trading activity is fair to all parties involved and to help the Trust ensure that the highest standards of propriety and conduct are met, especially in respect of Connected Party transactions.

However, Members, Trustees, Academy Council members and staff should be aware that, in accordance with the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) (EU) 2016/679, personal data may be disclosed to external parties without needing specific consent during the normal course of the Trust's business activities, including where such purposes have been registered with the Information Commissioner's Office. This may be for accounting, analysis and audit purposes and also to prevent or detect crime, for example.

A person making a Declaration of Interests may at any time request a copy of their current declarations on application to the Corporate Affairs Director. The data contained within Declarations of Interest forms and the Register of Interests or extracts thereof will be kept securely either in electronic or hard copy formats. Relevant extracts published on the Trust's websites will be made accessible to the general public as required by the ESFA as noted above.

#### 9. Decision Making

Where there is a Conflict of Interest, for example a proposed transaction between a Member, Trustee, Academy Council member or Connected Party, and the Trust, the applicable Member, Trustee or Academy Council member must follow the procedure set out in the Trust's Articles of Association for absenting themselves from the decision making process.

However, there will be a presumption against recommending any proposed transaction with a Member, Trustee or Connected Party. Recommendations to enter the transaction would be made to the Trust Board by the Chief Executive in only two circumstances:

- i) if the arrangements not to enter the transaction would contravene Public Contracts Regulations or EU Procurement law;
- ii) in the unlikely event that the goods and/or service are so unique that they cannot be secured from another source and there is no other solution that offers the same value for money.

In the case of an Advisory Council member, or their Connected Party, the Trust may enter a transaction under the following circumstances:

- i) the Academy Council member is in no way connected to the procurement process;
- ii) there is no other conflict or impact, for example negative external perception arising from entering into the transaction, and the transaction is likely to achieve broad public support;
- iii) for planned annual spend of less than £25k, the use of the supplier has approval from the Chief Executive,
   for planned annual spend of greater than £25k, the use of the supplier has approval from the Audit Committee

In the event of a decision being made to award a contract to a Member, Trustee or Connected Party (please note this excludes Academy Council members), the Trust can only enter the contract if it has been properly procured in a fair and open process and if the Member or Trustee, or Connected Party, can provide:

- a **statement of assurance** from that individual or organisation to the Trust confirming that their charges do not exceed the cost of the goods or services; and;
- an **open book agreement** including a requirement for the supplier to demonstrate clearly, if requested, that their charges do not exceed the cost of supply.

For these purposes the cost will be the 'full cost' of all the resources used in supplying the goods or services.

The full cost includes:

- all direct costs (the costs of any materials and labour used directly in producing the goods or services); and
- indirect costs (comprising a proportionate and reasonable share of fixed and variable overheads).

Full cost must not include an element of profit.

In the event of the above requirements being met in full, before a decision to enter a transaction with a Member, Trustee, Academy Council member or Connected Party is made, the Trust Board must consider whether the transaction could be seen to be 'Novel or Contentious'. If so, it must be referred to the ESFA for its explicit prior approval.

#### **10.** Failure to Follow this Policy

Members, Trustees and Academy Council members who do not follow this policy may be in breach of their duties and may be subject to internal action within the Trust, including being removed from their post. In certain circumstances, Members, Trustees and Academy Council members may also subject to external sanction, including being barred from undertaking the role of a company director or Trustee and, in exceptional cases, being subject to criminal prosecution.

The Education and Skills Funding Agency may also issue a Financial Notice to Improve (FNtI) to the Trust when there is deemed to be irregular use of public funds or inadequate financial governance and management (including breaches of the duties, principles and requirements governing connected party relationships and transactions). Failure to comply with an FNtI can, in exceptional circumstances, also result in the termination of our funding agreement(s).

If Members, Trustees and Academy Council members believe any of their number are undertaking activity that leads to personal gain, they should report their concerns under the Trust's Whistle Blowing Procedure.